附件3

**关于部分项目的说明**

毒死蜱

毒死蜱是一种高效中等毒性的广谱有机磷杀虫剂，具有胃毒、触杀、熏蒸三重作用，不仅可以杀死当季作物的害虫，还可避免下茬农作物虫害的发生，可用于防治很多果蔬虫害及多种地下害虫。毒死蜱属于乙酰胆碱酯酶抑制剂，可引发一系列抽搐、痉挛、恶心、呕吐等中毒症状，急性毒性多累及呼吸系统、心血管和胃肠道，高剂摄入还可能引发神经精神改变、自主神经功能障碍及记忆、语言、视觉注意力等认知功能障碍,可使用阿托品、解磷定等治疗有机磷农药中毒，并注意迟发性神经毒性问题。若不慎吸入，应将病人移至空气流通处，不慎眼睛溅入或接触皮肤，用大量清水冲洗至少15分钟。

 酸价

酸价是[脂肪](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E8%84%82%E8%82%AA&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)中[游离脂肪酸含量](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%B8%B8%E7%A6%BB%E8%84%82%E8%82%AA%E9%85%B8%E5%90%AB%E9%87%8F&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的标志，脂肪在长期保藏过程中，由于[微生物](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E5%BE%AE%E7%94%9F%E7%89%A9&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)、酶和热的作用发生缓慢水解，产生[游离脂肪酸](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%B8%B8%E7%A6%BB%E8%84%82%E8%82%AA%E9%85%B8&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)。而脂肪的[质量](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E8%B4%A8%E9%87%8F&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)与其中游离脂肪酸的[含量](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E5%90%AB%E9%87%8F&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)有关。一般常用酸价作为衡量标准之一。在脂肪生产的条件下，酸价可作为[水解程度](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%B0%B4%E8%A7%A3%E7%A8%8B%E5%BA%A6&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的[指标](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%8C%87%E6%A0%87&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)，在其保藏的条件下，则可作为[酸败](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E9%85%B8%E8%B4%A5&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的指标。酸价越小，说明[油脂](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%B2%B9%E8%84%82&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)质量越好，新鲜度和精炼程度越好，它的[大小](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E5%A4%A7%E5%B0%8F&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)不仅是衡量[毛油](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%AF%9B%E6%B2%B9&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)和精油[品质](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E5%93%81%E8%B4%A8&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的一项重要指标，而且也是计算酸价炼耗比这项主要[技术经济指标](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%8A%80%E6%9C%AF%E7%BB%8F%E6%B5%8E%E6%8C%87%E6%A0%87&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的依据。而毛油酸价则是炼油车间在碱炼操作过程中计算加碱量、[碱液](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E7%A2%B1%E6%B6%B2&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)[浓度](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E6%B5%93%E5%BA%A6&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)的依据。在一般情况下，酸价和[过氧化值](http://www.so.com/s?q=%E8%BF%87%E6%B0%A7%E5%8C%96%E5%80%BC&ie=utf-8&src=internal_wenda_recommend_textn" \t "https://wenda.so.com/q/_blank)略有升高不会对人体的健康产生损害。但如果酸价过高，则会导致人体肠胃不适、腹泻并损害肝脏。